

Medical Management of Vaccine Reactions in Adult Patients

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All vaccines have the potential to cause an adverse reaction. In order to minimize adverse reactions, patients should be carefully screened for precautions and contraindications before vaccine is administered. Even with careful screening, reactions may occur. These reactions can vary from trivial and inconvenient (e.g., soreness, itching) to severe and life threatening (e.g., anaphylaxis). If reactions occur, staff should be prepared with procedures for their management. The table below describes procedures to follow if various reactions occur.

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Table describes procedures you can follow if various reactions occur.

REACTION	SYMPTOMS	MANAGEMENT
Localized	Soreness, redness, itching, or swelling at the injection site	Apply a cold compress to the injection site. Consider giving an analgesic (pain reliever) or antipruritic (anti-itch) medication.
	Slight bleeding	Apply an adhesive compress over the injection site.
	Continuous bleeding	Place thick layer of gauze pads over site and maintain direct and firm pressure; raise the bleeding injection site (e.g., arm) above the level of the patient's heart.
Psychological fright and syncope (fainting)	Fright before injection is given	Have patient sit or lie down for the vaccination.
	Extreme paleness, sweating, coldness of the hands and feet, nausea, lightheadedness, dizziness, weakness, or visual disturbances	Have patient lie flat or sit with head between knees for several minutes. Loosen any tight clothing and maintain an open airway. Apply cool, damp cloths to patient's face and neck.
	Fall, without loss of consciousness	Examine the patient to determine if present before attempting to move. Place patient flat on back.
	Loss of consciousness	Check the patient to determine if present before attempting to move. Place patient flat on back with feet elevated if patient does not recover in 1 minute.
Anaphylaxis	Sudden or gradual onset of generalized itching, erythema (redness), or urticaria (hives); angioedema (swelling of the lips, face, or throat); severe bronchospasm (wheezing); shortness of breath; shock; abdominal cramping; or cardiovascular collapse.	See "Emergency Medical Management of Anaphylactic Reactions" on next page for detailed steps for anaphylaxis.

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Needed medications for a community immunization clinic

FIRST-LINE medication

Epinephrine, aqueous 1:1000 (i.e., 1 mg/mL) dilution, in ampules, vials of solution, or prefilled syringes, including epinephrine autoinjectors (e.g., EpiPen and Auvi-Q). If autoinjectors are stocked, at least three should be available.

Optional medication: H₁ antihistamines

Diphenhydramine (e.g., Benadryl) oral (12.5 mg/5 mL liquid, 25 or 50 mg capsules/tablets) or injectable (50 mg/mL solution).
 Hydroxyzine (e.g., Atarax, Vistaril) oral (10 mg/5 mL or 25 mg/5 mL liquid, 25 mg capsules).

Needed supplies for a community immunization clinic

- Syringes (1 and 3 cc) and needles (22 and 25 g, 1", 1½", and 2") for epinephrine, diphenhydramine, or hydroxyzine. For ampules, use filtered needles.
- Alcohol wipes
- Tourniquet
- Adult airways (small, medium, and large)
- Adult size pocket mask with one-way valve
- Oxygen (if available)
- Stethoscope
- Sphygmomanometer (blood pressure measuring device) with adult-size and extra-large cuffs
- Tongue depressors
- Flashlight with extra batteries (for examination of the mouth and throat)
- Wristwatch with a second hand or other timing device
- Cell phone or access to onsite phone

REFERENCES

Simons FE, Camargo CA. Anaphylaxis: Rapid recognition and treatment. In: UpToDate, Bochner BS (Ed). UpToDate: Waltham, MA, 2013.
 Boyce JA, Assa'ad A, Burks AW, et al. Guidelines for the Diagnosis and Management of Food Allergy in the United States: Report of the NIAID-Sponsored Expert Panel. *Allergy Clin Immunol* 2010; 126(5): S1-S57.

Emergency medical protocol for management of anaphylactic reactions in adults

- 1 If itching and swelling are confined to the injection site where the vaccination was given, observe patient closely for the development of generalized symptoms.
- 2 If symptoms are generalized, activate the emergency medical system (EMS; e.g., call 911) and notify the patient's physician. This should be done by a second person, while the primary healthcare professional assesses the airway, breathing, circulation, and level of consciousness of the patient.
- 3 **DRUG DOSING INFORMATION: The first-line and most important therapy in anaphylaxis is epinephrine. There are NO contraindications to epinephrine in the setting of anaphylaxis.**
 - a **First-line treatment:** Administer aqueous epinephrine 1:1000 dilution intramuscularly, 0.01 mL/kg/dose (adult dose ranges from 0.3 mL to 0.5 mL, with maximum single dose of 0.5 mL).
 - b **Optional treatment:** H₁ antihistamines for hives or itching; you may also administer diphenhydramine (either orally or by intramuscular injection; the standard dose is 1–2 mg/kg every 4–6 hrs, up to 50 mg maximum single dose) or hydroxyzine (standard oral dose is 0.5–1 mg/kg every 4–6 hrs up to 100 mg maximum single dose).
- 4 Monitor the patient closely until EMS arrives. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR), if necessary, and maintain airway. Keep patient in supine position (flat on back) unless he or she is having breathing difficulty. If breathing is difficult, patient's head may be elevated, provided blood pressure is adequate to prevent loss of consciousness. If blood pressure is low, elevate legs. Monitor blood pressure and pulse every 5 minutes.
- 5 If EMS has not arrived and symptoms are still present, repeat dose of epinephrine every 5–15 minutes for up to 3 doses, depending on patient's response.
- 6 Record all vital signs, medications administered to the patient, including the time, dosage, response, and the name of the medical personnel who administered the medication, and other relevant clinical information.
- 7 Notify the patient's primary care physician.

These standing orders for the medical management of vaccine reactions in adult patients shall remain in effect for patients of the

NAME OF CLINIC _____ until rescinded or until _____ DATE _____
 MEDICAL DIRECTOR'S SIGNATURE _____ DATE OF SIGNING _____



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Technical content reviewed by
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Emergency medical protocol and supplies list are ready for your use.



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